

1. **Warm up:** Find errors in the following two solutions, and complete them correctly.

$$\int \cos(x) \sin(x) dx$$

Let  $u = \cos(x)$ .

Then  $du = -\sin(x)dx$ .

So the integral is  $-\int \cos(x) du$ .

This simplifies to  $-\sin(x) + C$ .

$$\int_{-2}^2 \frac{|x|}{x} dx$$

Note that  $f(x) = \frac{|x|}{x} = \begin{cases} -1 & x < 0, \\ 1 & x > 0. \end{cases}$

Hence  $F(x) = \begin{cases} -x & x < 0, \\ x & x > 0. \end{cases}$

So the integral is  $F(2) - F(-2)$ .

This becomes to  $2 - 2 = 0$ .

2. Evaluate the following integrals using integration by substitution.

(a)  $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+9}} dx$

(e)  $\int \frac{2x-1}{x^2-x} dx$

(b)  $\int x^2 \sin(x^3) dx$

(f)  $\int \frac{x^2 e^{\sqrt{x^3-3}}}{\sqrt{x^3-3}} dx$

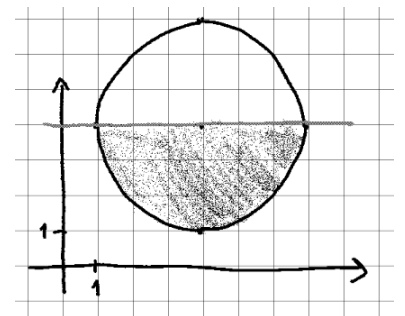
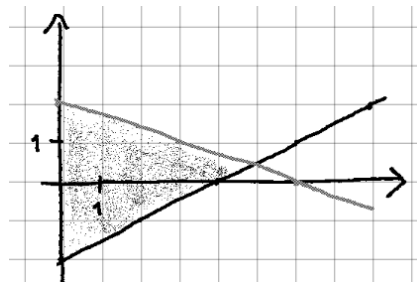
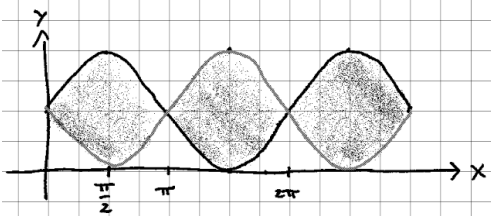
(c)  $\int \sin^5(x) \cos(x) dx$

(g)  $\int \frac{x}{1+x} dx$

(d)  $\int (x^7+2)(x^8+16x-5)^4 dx$

(h)  $\int \frac{x^8}{x^3+4} dx$

3. For each of the following functions and shaded regions, find equations of the functions and give a formula using definite integrals that computes the area. Do not evaluate the formula.



4. Find the area between the curves:

(a)  $y = x^2$ ,  $y = a|x|$ , and  $y = a^2$ , where  $a > 0$

(b)  $y = x^n$ ,  $y = x^m$ , and  $y = m+n$ , where  $m, n \in \mathbf{N}$  such that  $1 \leq m < n$

5. **Bonus:** Suppose that  $f$  has an inverse function  $f^{-1}$  (so  $f^{-1}(f(x)) = x$  and  $f(f^{-1}(y)) = y$  for all  $x, y$ ). Show that

$$\int_a^b f(x) \, dx + \int_{f(a)}^{f(b)} f^{-1}(x) \, dx = bf(b) - af(a).$$

Hint: First show that  $\int_{f(a)}^{f(b)} f^{-1}(x) \, dx = \int_a^b yf'(y) \, dy$  by using the substitution  $x = f(y)$ .