

26 April 2018

1. **Warm up 1:** Find the determinants of the following matrices.

(a) $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3/4 \\ -2 & 7/3 \end{bmatrix}$

(b) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -11 & 8 \\ 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

(c) $\begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \cdot [1/3 \ 1]$

2. **Warm up 2:** For each function f , find values a such that $f(a) = a$.

(a) $f(x) = e^x - 1$

(b) $f(x, y) = (x, 2y - 2)$

(c) $f\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$

Recall that an *eigenvalue* of a matrix A is a non-zero number λ such that $A\vec{x} = \lambda\vec{x}$, for some vector \vec{x} , called the *eigenvector* of λ . Be careful - not all matrices have eigenvalues or eigenvectors!

3. Find the eigenvalues and associated eigenvectors and of the following linear maps.

(a) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

(b) $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

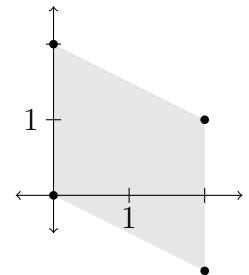
(c) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(d) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\sqrt{3} \\ \sqrt{3} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

4. For the first three matrices above, draw where the vectors $(0, 0)$, $(1, 0)$, $(0, 1)$, $(1, 1)$ get taken to and color in the shape (called a *parallelogram*) they bound. For example:

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T(0, 1) &= (0, 2) & T(1, 1) &= (2, 1) \\ T(0, 0) &= (0, 0) & T(1, 0) &= (2, -1) \end{aligned}$$



5. Find the areas of the three shapes in the previous question. Compare them with the determinants of the corresponding linear maps.

6. Consider a function $\mathbf{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ defined by $\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} \mapsto \det\left(\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x & 1 \\ 1 & y \end{bmatrix}\right)$.

- (a) Take the derivative with respect to x , then with respect to y .
 (b) For what vectors $\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$ is the value of the function equal to $ad - bc$?
 (c) Evaluate the derivatives at these values.