

6 March 2018

1. **Warm up:** Answer the following true / false questions.

(a) The sequence $\{a_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ for $a_n = \frac{1}{n}$ converges.

(b) The series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ converges.

(c) If a series $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n$ converges and $a_n \rightarrow c$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$, then $c = 0$.

(d) If a sequence $\{a_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ converges to 0, then $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n$ converges.

2. Determine if the following infinite series converge. If so, find the sum.

(a) $\frac{1}{10} + \frac{3}{20} + \frac{9}{40} + \frac{27}{80} + \frac{81}{160} + \cdots$

(b) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n 2^{2-3n}$

(c) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n e^{3-n} 2^{n+1} - \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{2n}$

(d) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{2n} + \frac{3 \cdot 8^n}{81^{n/2}}$

(e) $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{36} + \frac{1}{108} + \cdots$

3. Use geometric series to show that:

(a) $0.99999\dots = 1$

(b) $0.555555\dots = 5/9$

(c) $1.363636\dots = 15/11$

4. Recall that the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ diverges.

(a) Reindex this series so that the index starts at $n = 0$. That is, keep the series the same, but change the $\frac{1}{n}$ to something else.

(b) Use part (a) to show that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n+1}$ diverges.

(c) Use these ideas to show that, for any positive integer k , the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n+k}$ diverges.

5. Determine if the following statements are true or false. If true, provide some justification. If false, provide a counterexample.

(a) $\sum_{n=0}^k (a_n + b_n) = \sum_{n=0}^k a_n + \sum_{n=0}^k b_n$ for $k < \infty$

(b) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (a_n + b_n) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b_n$

(c) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n b_n = \left(\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n \right) \left(\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b_n \right)$