

22 October 2015

---

---

1. The volume of a telephone ringing, in decibels,  $t$  seconds after it starts ringing, is given by the piecewise function

$$v(t) = \begin{cases} 50 & \text{if } t \in [2k\pi, (2k+1)\pi), \\ 50 \sin^2(t + \pi/2) & \text{if } t \in [(2k-1)\pi, 2k\pi), \end{cases}$$

for integers  $k$ .

- (a) Sketch the graph of the function  $v(t)$  for  $0 \leq t \leq 4\pi$ .
- (b) Find the derivative of the function  $v(t)$ . Is the derivative continuous?
- (c) A man is 20 meters away from the telephone when it starts to ring. He is walking further away from the telephone at a rate of 5 meters/second. Assuming the speed of sound is 100 meters/second, how long after his phone starts ringing does the man hear that hotline bling?
2. Let  $f(x)$  be an odd degree polynomial. Prove that  $f$  has at least one real root.  
*Hint: What theorem have you been using to show functions have a zero? Use limits to show odd degree polynomials satisfy the hypothesis of this theorem.*
3. Suppose we have a function  $f(x)$  such that  $f''(x) - 5f'(x) + 6f(x) = 0$ . This is called a *differential equation* and is the main application of calculus to the real world.
- (a) You are given that  $f(x) = ce^{rx}$  for some constants  $c \neq 0, r$ . Rewrite the equation above with this information.
- (b) Can you find what  $r$  is?
- (c) Can you find what  $c$  is?