

16 September 2021

1. **Warm up:** Answer the following True / False questions.

- (a) If your code initiates a `class` with a constructor, you must delete it with a destructor.
 (b) Without changing any other code, using either of the lines in the function declaration will not produce any errors upon compilation:

```
void func(int this, char that)           void func(int& this, char that)
```

- (c) If the body of `try {..}` contains a compilation error, then the body of `catch {..}` will be executed.
 (d) Every function $f(n)$ is both $\Omega(1)$ and $O(e^n)$.
 (e) If a function is $O(1)$, then it must be constant.
2. The *time complexity* of an algorithm is $O(f(n))$ if as $n \rightarrow \infty$, where n is the size of the input, the algorithm takes at most $M|f(n)|$ time, for some $M \in \mathbf{R}$. You are given Algorithm 1, which is $O(n^a)$, and Algorithm 2, which is $O(n^b)$, for $a, b \in \mathbf{N}$.
- (a) Give another function $f(n) \neq n^a$, so that Algorithm 1 is $O(f(n))$.
 (b) What is the complexity of the algorithm that:
 i. first executes Algorithm 1, then Algorithm 2?
 ii. exeutes Algorithm 1 and Algorithm 2 in parallel?
 (c) Suppose that Algorithm 3 is $O(2^{n+1})$ and Algorithm 4 is $O(2^{2n})$. Are either / both / none of these algorithms $O(2^n)$?
3. Consider the pseudocode on the left, which takes as input a set of numbers $X = \{x_1, \dots, x_n\}$.

```
1  for i = n, n - 1, ..., 2:
2    for j = 1, 2, ..., i - 1:
3      x = x_j
4      if x > x_{j+1}:
5        x_j = x_{j+1}
6        x_{j+1} = x
```

step 0:

1	3	4	2
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step 1:

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step 2:

--	--	--	--

step 3:

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step 4:

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- (a) How many times is line 3 called?
 (b) What is an upper bound on the number of times line 5 is called?
 (c) In the boxes on the right above, starting with X as given in step 0, write what X looks like every time the order of its elements changes.
 (d) What do you think the code does to X ?

4. This question is about the following uncompiled C++ code:

```
1     #include <iostream>
2     #include <vector>
3     #include <string>
4     using namespace std;
5
6     class Player {
7         \\ Your code here
8     };
9
10    bool player_compare(Player &A, Player &B) {
11        \\ Your code here
12    };
13
14    int main() {
15        vector<Player> gg{
16            {"Chad", 10}, {"Brad", 15}, {"Mad", 7}, {"Dad", 20}, {"Tad", 12}
17        };
18        Player& currentwinner = gg[0];
19        for (vector<Player>::iterator it = gg.begin(); it != gg.end(); ++it) {
20            if (player_compare(*it, currentwinner)) {
21                currentwinner = *it;
22            }
23        }
24        cout << currentwinner.name << endl;
25    }
```

- (a) Fill in the missing spots in lines 7 and 11 to make this code print out the name of the player with the largest score.
- (b) If line 18 is changed to “`const Player& currentwinner = gg[0];`”, then compilation will produce (at least) two errors. On which lines will these errors occur, and why?
- (c) Modify the code so that instead of just the winner being printed, it prints out by how much the winner won, for example, “Dad wins by 5 points”.